LearningCenteredCommunityCollege and EnglishasaSecondLanguage Programme

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ABSTRACT

This paper reviews the major features of learn-integritered community collegets at offer educational p55g1@mmteeseesm555.dxpreteie(mcae)s5(fo)-1@arnerts ased on individual nesd By citingcit-3(p)-emfsC

principles. Alexander and Murphy (2000) ummarized these fourteen principles into the following five domains:

a) The knowledge baseLearners in this model participate in several learning activities. Each decision and activity would ask what students learn and how they learn. Learning is the mantra.

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their needs and choicesthe learning would be more fruitful and studentwould be responsible for their own learning.

LEARNING-CENTERED ESL PROGRAMS

ESL programmes in the institutions of higher educationare narrowly viewed in terms of pedagogies, programmes, and resources and monitoring. A large number of students who are immigrants, refugees, undocumented, and internation in ESL programmes but the college orthe university system des not have extensive support these students. Retr the colleges do not reframble curriculum, programes and the

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and exchange cultural norm \overline{s} he main goal of such learning communities is to offer student active engagement and reflection. T

WHERE DOES THE LEARING-CENTRED ENVIRONMENT NOTWORK?

Is the learning-centered experience appropriate for ESL students, unmotivated and immature students? According to Beinberg (2010), the learneentered approach is highly applicable in all situations. It was juts a myth that the learning entered approach cannot be us with ESL or unmotivated and immature students.

Transformation of learning based ESL programes in college is not easy the college system considers ESL as a limited scipline. Instructors are not familiar with elearning paradigm in the ESL department of there is not enough collaboration; teachers do not share what each other could be better bitmited resources, unmotivated teachers and arge number of students re the barriers in ESL departments and elsewhere acculty development, student support series and curricular coherence are the areas to improve ESL programs in the colleges and universities. At the Capital Community College, the mission is to both support and prepare students for their careers after college. The College has designed "a computer-aided language learning facility [that] offers a range of software, audio, video and online learning tools to students enrolled in the ESL Program & K H Q . 3 D U D

CONCLUSION

The learningcentered community colleges have significantly slead the notion of learning in higher education. Instructors are constantly modifying their method instruction from teachercentered learnercentered methods. As part of a learningcollege, ESL programes in the institutions of higher learning should peared their pedagogies, programes and resources. Bearing in mind that ESL programes are extremely diversend can cater to immigrants, refugees and international stude, tis is especially important that activities focus on what is best for the learners he learner centered college should offer enough the arning resources and skills totudents and conduct training and workshops on pedagogies and technologies to instructors toodify the culture of learning by doing so these colleges can implement learning centered activities to support learners in ESL and other academic programmes.

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